







Saint-Quentin (France) July 10-12, 2023



State of the

Geopolymer R&D

2023

Joseph Davidovits

Geopolymer research 1988

1st Geopolymer conference



Geopolymer research 2018



Subject "Geopolymer" in Scientific Publications



Literature Search: Statistical data of SCOPUS database F

State of the Geopolymer R&D 2023

- I) Geopolymer science.
- Global warming: management of water
 resources; floodings and infrastructures
 (roads, pavements repair).
- 3) Additive manufacturing / 3D printing.

State of the Geopolymer R&D 2023

I) Geopolymer science.

16 research topics

- **#I Polymeric character of geopolymers**
- #2 Poly(siloxonate), soluble silicate (water-glass)
- #3 Metakaolin MK-750 geopolymer
- #4 Calcium-based geopolymer
- #5 Rock-based geopolymer
- #6 Silica-based geopolymer
- #7 Fly ash-based geopolymer
- #8 Phosphate-based geopolymer

16 research topics

- #9 Organic-mineral geopolymer.
- #10 Long-term durability (archaeology).
- #11 Geopolymer-fiber composites.
- #12 Geopolymer in ceramic processing.
- #13 The manufacture of geopolymer cements: No fly ash !
- #14 Geopolymer concrete.
- #15 Material for Radioactive waste, Particules and gaz pollution.
- # 16 3D printing; additive manufacturing.

#1 Polymeric character of geopolymers

1975-1976: mineral polymer 1978-1979: geopolymer

2 systems:

- alkali-based GP

- phosphoric acid-based GP



Alkali-based Geopolymerization

- 1. Alkalination *alkali-activation*
- 2. Depolymerization of silicates
- 3. Gel formation of oligo-sialates
- 4. Polycondensation
- 5. Reticulation, networking
- 6. Geopolymer solidification

Step 4: polycondensation



Na⁺ or K⁺

or KOH

Step 5: reticulation, networking



Step 5: reticulation, networking

Step 6: geopolymer solidification



2003, Prof. Kriven's team University of Illinois, USA



Individual geopolymeric micelle (particulate) 10 nm (100 A) Same dimension as organic polymers

10.0kV 10.5mm x100k SE(U) 9/19/02 15:51 500nm



2012 Prof. Dong-Kyun (Don) Seo's team School of Molecular Sciences, Arizona State University, Tempe, USA

Step 5 reticulation Colloidal silica 30-40 nm GP-micelle 10 nm

Silica Fume 200-300 nm

Fly ash 3-15 µ

Geopolymer = nano material not unknown « Gel »

Acid-based Geopolymerization Phosphoric acid + MK-750

$H_3PO_4 + Si_2O_5AIO_2 \longrightarrow (SiO_2)_n + (AIPO_4)_n$



15kV X5,000



Polymeric structures of AIPO4-Geopolymers



⇒ Cross-linked (P-O-Al-O)n poly(alumino-phospho) chains



AlPO₄-tridymite/cristobalite

AlPO₄-berlinite (isostructural to quartz)

#3 Metakaolin MK-750 alkali-based geopolymer

High-strength MK

High-strength MK



Flexural strength 30 MPa Compressive strength 180 MPa

State of the Geopolymer R&D 2023

2)Global warming:

- Management of water resources;
 - Floodings and infrastructures: (roads, pavements repair).



A continent is on fire. Both Australia and California

have never experienced such an inferno. More and more citizens blame the climate change, CO_2 emissions responsible for this, essentially from the burning of coal in the power plants.



The Ganges, the "mother river", as the Hindus call it, is a lifeline, a source of economic prosperity as much as of religious veneration.

Over the 2,500 kilometers of their course, these waters would be able to heal those who immerse themselves in them and to free them from the cycle of reincarnations.



The Ganges irrigates 30% of Indian territory, washes and feeds 450 million people, or 40% of the Indians.

But today the Ganges is on the brink, closer than ever to suffocation, contaminated by three billion liters of wastewater per day, representing a pollution rate 3,000 times higher than the recommendations of the World Organization of health.

A comprehensive review on sustainable clay geopolymers for wastewater treatment: circ and future outlook

Ali Maged \cdot Hadeer Abd El-Fattah \cdot Rasha M. Kamel \cdot Sherif Kharbish \cdot Ahmed M. Elgarahy Suez University and Port Said University , Egypt.

Recently, the awareness of the environmental sustainability for wastewater treatment has increased rapidly in quest of meeting the enormous global water demand coupled with the inherent depletion of water resources and the development of modern society.

Heavy metals, herbicides, dyes, pesticides, pharmaceuticals, and organic (aromatic) compounds are among the contaminants of rivers and lakes.

The presence of pharmaceutical substances in water adversely impacts human health and living ecosystems because they may lead to antibiotic tolerant bacteria and genetic resistance factors in the marine ecosystem.... Due to the spreading of the COVID-19 pandemic, most antiparasitics, antiprotozoals, antibiotics, glucocorticoids, and antivirals were consumed in large quantities in this virus treatment.

The concentration of antiviral agent drugs increased by more than 70% in urban wastewater during the pandemic compared with their concentration before the pandemic.

The only practical approaches are new sustainable materials and products, green production techniques, and precise life cycle management....

In this regard, *Clays-Based Geopolymers* have emerged as affordable, durable, and eco-benevolent materials for water and wastewater clean-up.



2) Flooding and Infrastructures.

Roads, Pavements Repair.



THE ECONOMIC T TS

English Edition • | Today's Paper



News Industry Rise Politics Wealth Mutual Funds Tech Careers

Mumbai roads will be poth in two yrs, will use Geopoly technique: Maha CM Shi_{Maharashtra} Chief Minister Eknath

ANI | 24 Jul 2022, 08:46 AM IST



Shinde stressed on the problems that the citizens are facing due to potholes on the streets in Mumbai on July 23. The CM further informed that the government will be filling these potholes using the

The work will start as soon as the rain sto Geopolymer technique.

"Today I held a meeting which was attended by Mumbai Municipal Commissioner and other representatives. It has been discussed that potholes will be filled using the Geopolymer technique. Instructions have been given to fill potholes immediately," the CM said.

State of the Geopolymer R&D 2023

3) Geopolymer for Additive Manufacturing 3D-Printing - ceramic-type - cement / concrete

3D printing ceramic-type geopolymer



Dipartimento di Ingegneria Industriale

Direct and indirect 3D printing with geopolymers

<u>G. Franchin¹</u>, H. Elsayed¹, P. Scanferla¹, A. De Marzi¹, F. Gobbin¹, L. Zeffiro¹, A. Conte¹, A. Italiano², P. Colombo^{1,3}

¹ Industrial Engineering Dept., University of Padova, Italy

² Desamanera, Borsea (RO), Italy

³ Dept. of Material Science and Engineering, The Pennsylvania State University, PA, USA









Increased complexity



Proposed application: **filters** ²



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Additive Manufac<mark>2021</mark>ng

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/addma

Additive Manufacturing 46 (2021) 102202

Direct ink writing of geopolymer with high spatial resolution and tunable mechanical properties

Siqi Ma, Shuai Fu, Shengjian Zhao, Peigang He, Guoru Ma Meirong Wang, Dechang Jia, Yu Zhou, Harbin Institute of Technology, China.

ABSTRACT: Direct ink writing (DIW) of geopolymers with desirable patterns, compositions, and properties holds great promise for sustainable concrete, porous adsorbent, and high-temperature ceramic.

However, precisely constructing geopolymers by DIW is subject to the low viscosity of geopolymer inks and the limited choice of alkali metal ions.



3D printing ceramic-type geopolymer

High-Strength 3D-Printed Geopolymer Ceramic 0.7 mm to 1mm thread Chemically stable K-based geopolymer with high-strength MK-750 + feldspar filler.















3D printing cement / concrete geopolymer







Biranchi Panda PhD Research student Singapore Centre for 3D printing





3D Printing Process









RENCA

renca.org





Las Vegas, USA www.gpi.earth





Review

An Overview for Modern Energy-Efficient Soluti and Martian Habitats Made Based on Geopolym and 3D Printing Technology

Kinga Korniejenko, Kinga Pławecka and Barbara Kozub

Faculty of Material Engineering and Physics, Cracow University of Technology, Cracow, Poland

... NASA and the European Space Agency (ESA) announced that they wanted to ensure habitats on the Moon or Mars before 2040. The first manned mission after Apollo 17, Artemis III, is scheduled to take place by 2024 to help implement sustainable lunar exploration.

Human in-space missions (the Moon, Mars, etc.) will require the capability to build structures on site using the local (planet) resources. Nowadays, one of the most promising materials for that purpose are geopolymer composites...

The other critical point for in-space application is proper technology. In this case, the *most promising solutions seem to be 3D printing technologies.*